STM-Structure Scarch
1-30-06

10/524,922

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L9 ANSWER 1 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:236766 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:71434

TITLE: Studies on synthesis of finasteride

AUTHOR(S): Sheng, Rong; Hu, Yongzhou

CORPORATE SOURCE: College of Pharmaceutical Science, Zhejiang

University, Hangzhou, Zhejiang Province, 310031, Peop.

Rep. China

SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaoxue Zazhi (Beijing, China) (2004), 39(3),

226-228

CODEN: ZYZAEU; ISSN: 1001-2494

PUBLISHER: Zhongquo Yaoxue Zazhishe

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Chinese

AB The ring A of initial material 3-oxo-4-androstene-17β-carboxylic acid was opened with KMnO4-NaIO4. Then the product was reacted with NH3 and hydrogenated with Pd/C to get 3-oxo-4-aza-5α-androsta-17β-carboxylic acid, which was esterified with anhydrous CH3OH, dehydrogenated with DDQ (2,3-dichloro-5,6-dicyano-1,4-benzoquinone)/BSTFA [bis(trimethylsilyl) trifluoroacetamide], and reacted with t-butylamine and ethylmagnesium bromide to get finasteride. The structures of all the intermediates and finasteride were verified by IR, 1HNMR and MS. This method was successful without using those expensive reagents such as PtO2, (PhSeO) 2O and 2,2'-dipyridyl disulfide. The column chromatog. was not necessary for all steps. The yield of finasteride reached 44.3%, and it was much higher than the reported yield.

IT 103335-54-2P 103335-55-3P

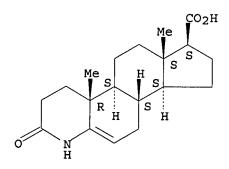
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(in synthesis of finasteride)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,1laR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 2 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:162674 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:199498

TITLE:

Method for the selective preparation of a

3-oxo-4-aza-5a-androstane derivative

INVENTOR(S):

Moon, Young-ho; Lee, Kyung-ik; Park, Gha-seung; Park,

Chul-hyun; Lee, Jae-cheol; Lee, Gwan-sun; Chang,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Young-kil Hanmi Pharm. Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

Ι

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE					
WO	2004	 0165:	95		A1	-	2004	 0226		 WO	 2003-	 -KR16	 29	- 	- 2	0030	 813
			•	•	•	•	JP,										
	RW:						CZ,					FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,
EP	1539		шо,	1·1C ,			2005					-7881	51		2	0030	813
	R:						ES,						LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		ΙE,	SI,	FI,	RO,	CY,	TR,	ВG,	CZ,	EΕ	, HU,	SK					
JP	2006	5012	21		T2		2006	0112		JP .	2004-	5289	26		2	0030	813
US	2006	0199'	79		A1		2006	0126		US :	2005-	5249	22		2	0050	215
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :						KR :	2002-	4878	4		A 2	0020	819
O.T.										WO	2003-	KR16	29	1	W 2	0030	813
GI																	

CO₂H Me Me Н Η

II

AB This invention relates to a method for selectively preparing 3-oxo-4-aza- 5α -androstane derivative I, a precursor of finasteride, by heating 3-oxo-4-aza-5-androstene in a mixture of formic acid and an alkanediol in the presence of zinc. Thus, oxidative ring cleavage of

3-oxo-4-androstene-17 β -carboxylic acid using sodium metaperiodate, potassium permanganate, and sodium carbonate in tert-butanol gave 3,5-secoandrostane II in 86% yield. Ring cleaved androstane II then underwent an intramol. cyclocondensation reaction by refluxing for 12 h using an ethanolic ammonia solution and ethylene glycol to form 3-oxo-4-aza-5-androstene-17 β -carboxylic acid in 70% yield, which was subsequently hydrogenated by heating for 8 h at 100-105° using formic acid, ethylene glycol and zinc to give the desired finasteride precursor I in 81% yield.

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

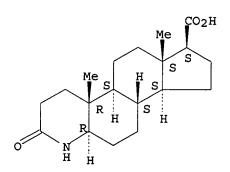
IT 103335-55-3P, 3-0x0-4-aza-5 α -androstane-17 β -carboxylic acid

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(process for preparation of $3-oxo-4-aza-5\alpha$ -androstane, a finasteride precursor, via a zinc/formic acid/alkanediol mediated olefin hydrogenation)

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L9 ANSWER 3 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:449695 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

137:20508 Preparation of 3-oxo-4-azasteroids via stereoselective

hydrogenation

INVENTOR(S):

Davis, Roman; Millar, Alan; Sterbenz, Jeffrey Thomas Glaxo Group Limited, UK

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.							DATE				
	2002						2002	0613		WO	200	1-L	JS48:	173		20011102		
WO	2002																	
	W:						AU,											
		co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC	:, E	E,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	ΙL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE	:, K	Œ,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
		LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN	Ι, M	IW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,
		PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK	, s	L,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,
							ZA,					•	•	•	•	•	•	•
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ	, T	Z,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH.	CY.
							GB,											
							GA,											
CA	2427																	
AU	2002	04162	24		A5		2002	0618		AU	200	2-4	1624	4		2	0011	102
	1335				A2		2003	0820		ΕP	200	1-9	9883	7		2	0011	102
EP	1335	930			B1		2004	1013										
							ES,			GR	. I	т.	LI.	LU.	NL.	SE.	MC.	PT.
							RO,						,	,	,	,	,	,
BR	2001												5089	9		2	0011	102
JP	2004	51550	05		T2		2004	0527		JP	200	2 - 5	4794	14		2	0011	
AT	2794	29			E		2004	1015		AΤ	200	1 - 9	8830	7		2	0011	
PT	2794: 1335: 5251	930			т		2005	0131		PT	200	1-9	883	7		2		
NZ	5251	68			Α		2005											
ES	2230	383			Т3		2005											
	2003						2004	0401		ZA	200	3-2	560			2	0030	401
	2004				A1		2004							22			0030	
US	6794	508			B2		2004			••		-				_	0050	505
HK	1058	799			A1		2005			нк	200	4 - 1	0026	59		2	0040	114
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		_	_											173			0011	
OTHER SO	OURCE	(S):			CASI	REAC	T 13	7:205								4		

OT GI

Me
$$CO-R^3$$

Me $CONH$

Me $CONH$

CF3

 R^2
 R^2
 R^2
 R^3
 R^2
 R^3
 R^3

AB An improved process for preparing steroids, such as 3-oxo-4-azasteroids of formula I [R1 = H, OH, alkyl, aryl, heteroarom. group; R2 = H, alkyl, aryl, heteroarom. group; R3 = H, OH, alkyl, alkoxy, aryl, (substituted) NH2, etc.], is described. Compds. of this type are known to be useful in the preparation of compds. having 5α-reductase inhibitor activity. The process comprises the hydrogenation of the corresponding steroid alkene in the presence of ammonium acetate, ammonium formate, and/or ammonium propionate and an appropriate catalyst. Thus, 3-oxo-4-aza-5-androstene-17β-carboxylic acid (preparation given) was hydrogenated with ammonium acetate and PtO2 to give 3-oxo-4-aza-5α-androstane-17β-carboxylic acid with a high α:β ratio. 3-Oxo-4-aza-5α-androstane-17β-carboxylic acid was reacted with DDQ and bis(trimethylsilyl)trifluoroacetamide (BSTFA), then SOC12 and 2,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)aniline to give II.

IT 103335-55-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of 3-oxo-4-azasteroids via stereoselective hydrogenation)

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 103335-54-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of 3-oxo-4-azasteroids via stereoselective hydrogenation)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:245625 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:155095

TITLE: Synthesis of Finasteride

AUTHOR(S): Li, Xiao-jun; Fang, Fang; Wang, Xiao-ji; Chen, Li-gong

CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Pharmaceutical Science and Technology,

Tianjin University, Tianjin, 300072, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Transactions of Tianjin University (2001), 7(4),

286-289

CODEN: TTUNEB; ISSN: 1006-4982

PUBLISHER: Tianjin University

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:155095

As a kind of substrate competition-type 5α-reductase inhibitor, Finasteride is a promising medicine used in the clin. treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). In this paper, a new route for the synthesis of Finasteride from pregnenolone was proposed. Thus, pregnenolone was converted to Finasteride in 10 steps, i. e., via ammoniumation, methoxylation, Oppenauer oxidation, hydrolyzation, cleavage of Δ4-double bond by oxidation, ring closure by ammonia, hydrogenation of Δ5-double bond, esterification with methanol, dehydrogenation of 1, 2-position in A-ring and Bodroux reaction. In this route, expensive reagent 2, 2'-dipyridyl-disulfide commonly used in previous literature was avoided. All of the desired compds. were characterized by MS or/and NMR. The overall yield of Finasteride was 13.67% based on pregnenolone.

IT 103335-54-2P 103335-55-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis of Finasteride)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 5 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:776029 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:61680

TITLE: Preparation of substituted 4-aza-3-oxo-steroids for

use as 5α -reductase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Durette, Philippe L.; Hagmann, William; Rasmusson,

Gary H.; Tolman, Richard L.; Kopka, Ihor E.; Sahoo, Soumya P.; Esser, Craig K.; Steinberg, Nathan G.;

Graham, Donald W.; Witzel, Bruce E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S., 139 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 886,537,

abandoned.

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5693809	A	19971202	US 1995-338571	19950512
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	128:61680	US 1992-886537	B2 19920520

GI

Steroids such as $4\text{-}aza\text{-}5\alpha\text{-}androstan\text{-}ones$ I [1,2-, 5,6-saturated or unsatd.; R4 = H, Me, Et; R7 = R7a = H, OH, alkyl, alkenyl, carbamoyloxy, carboxy, etc.; R7R7a = oxo, cycloalkyl, etc.; R16 = R16a = H, alkyl; R16R16a = cyloalkenyl; R17 = R17a = H, acyl, carbamoyl, aminoalkyl, alkyl, etc.; R17R17a = oxo, etc.] were prepared as $5\alpha\text{-}reductase$ inhibitors for treatment of hyperandrogenic conditions. Thus, $4\text{-}methyl\text{-}17\beta\text{-}$ (trimethylacetamido) $-5\alpha\text{-}4\text{-}azaandrostan\text{-}3\text{-}one$ was prepared via

I

oximation of 4-methyl-3-oxo-5 α -4-azaandrostan-17-carboxaldehyde, hydrogenation to form the corresponding amine followed by N-acylation with Me3CCO2Cl. The prepared compds. were tested for inhibition of human prostatic and scalp 5 α -reductase, however, activities for specific compds. were not presented.

IT 103335-54-2P 103335-55-3P

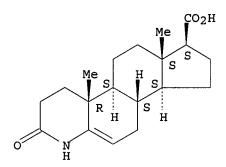
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation of substituted 4-aza-3-oxo-5 α -steroids for use as 5α -reductase inhibitors)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

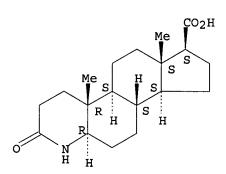
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L9 ANSWER 6 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:54919 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:144437

TITLE: Synthesis of finasteride, a new drug of the treatment

of benign prostatic hyperplasia

AUTHOR(S): Zheng, Jinhong; Xu, Fang; Liao, Qingjiang

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Cent. Drugs Family Planning, China Pharmaceutical

univ., Nanjing, 210009, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi (1996), 6(3), 203-206

CODEN: ZYHZEF; ISSN: 1005-0108

PUBLISHER: Zhongguo Yaowu Huaxue Zazhi Bianjibu

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Chinese

AB Finasteride was prepared in 10 steps from pregnenolone. The synthetic method of some key intermediates was improved to suit the need of

industrial production

IT 103335-54-2P 103335-55-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

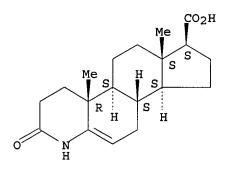
(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of finasteride, for treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

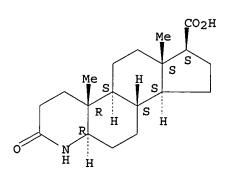
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L9 ANSWER 7 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:1003500 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:44623

TITLE: Synthesis of 5,6,6-[2H3] finasteride and quantitative

determination of finasteride in human plasma at picogram level by an isotope-dilution mass

spectrometric method

AUTHOR(S): Guarna, A.; Danza, G.; Bartolucci, G.; Marrucci, A.;

Dini, S.; Serio, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dipartimento di Chimica Organica Ugo Schiff e Centro

di Studio Sulla Chimica e la Struttura dei Composti Eterociclici e loro Applicazioni, Universita di Firenze, Via G. Capponi, 9, I-50124, Firenze, Italy SOURCE: Journal of Chromatography, B: Biomedical Applications

(1995), 674(2), 197-204

CODEN: JCBBEP; ISSN: 0378-4347

PUBLISHER: Elsevier DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Finasteride is a potent inhibitor of the enzyme steroid 5α-reductase now approved as a drug for the treatment of benign prostatic hyperplasia. The authors describe an original method for the quant. determination of finasteride at picogram level in human plasma by isotope-dilution gas chromatog. mass spectrometry. 5,6,6-[2H3]Finasteride was prepared with a high ratio of trideuteration (finasteride/[2H3]finasteride = 0.007) allowing its optimal use as internal standard Plasma samples were purified in a single-step procedure on solid-phase extraction C18 columns with a recovery ≥90%. Samples were injected in the GC-MS instrument without any derivatization and the min. detection level of finasteride was 50 pg with a signal-to-noise ratio of 6:1. The coeffs. of variation for the 5 and 10 ng/mL (plasma) concns. were 5.8% and 4%, resp. The method has been applied to the determination of the plasma pharmacokinetic of finasteride in

male volunteers treated with a single 5-mg dose of the drug, affording kinetic parameters which are in good agreement with the values previously reported with a different methodol. The present method results accurate, specific, sensible and reliable for a routinely determination of finasteride at picogram levels.

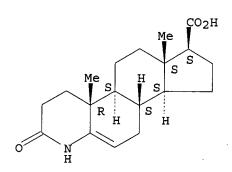
IT 103335-54-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (deuteration-reduction of)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 172302-43-1P

RN 172302-43-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-11-d-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-11,11a-d2-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L9 ANSWER 8 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:266948 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:56297

TITLE: preparation of substituted 4-aza-5a-androstanones as

 5α -reductase inhibitors

INVENTOR(S): Durette, Philippe L.; Hagmann, William; Rasmusson,

Gary H.; Tolman, Richard L.; Kopka, Ihor E.; Sahoo, Soumya P.; Esser, Craig K.; Steinberg, Nathan G.;

Graham, Donald W.; Witzel, Bruce E.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 533 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9323039	A1 19931125	WO 1993-US4734	19930518
W: AU, BB, BG,	BR, CA, CZ, FI,	HU, JP, KR, KZ, LK,	MG, MN, MW, NO,
NZ, PL, RO,	RU, SD, SK, UA,	US	
RW: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,	MC, NL, PT, SE,
		GN, ML, MR, NE, SN,	
AU 9342519	A1 19931213	AU 1993-42519	19930518
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 1992-886537	A2 19920520
		WO 1993-US4734	A 19930518
OTHER COURCE(C).	MADDAT 122.EC205	7	

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 122:56297

Me
$$R^1$$
 R^2 R^2

AB 4-Aza-5α-androstan-3-ones [I; R = H, Me, Et; T1, T2 = H, C1-6 alkyl, T1T2 = C1-6 alkylidene; R1, R2 = H, C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, CO2H, OH, CH2CO2H, carbamoyloxy, etc., R1R2 = O; A = (substituted) hydrocarbyl, carbamoyl, etc.; a, b, e = single or double bond] and related compds.,

Ι

effective at 0.01-7 mg/kg as 5α -reductase inhibitors in treating benign prostatic hypertrophy, prostatitis, prostatic carcinoma, hyperandrogenic conditions, etc., are prepared Thus, oximation of 4-methyl-3-oxo-4-aza- 5α -androstane- 17β -carboxaldehyde and subsequent reduction by H over PtO2 gave the corresponding 17β -(aminomethyl) derivative Acylation of this aminomethyl compound with MeO2C(CH2)7COCl in pyridine/CH2Cl2 gave 17β -[[[8-(methoxycarbonyl)octanoyl]amino]methyl]-4-methyl-4-aza- 5α -androstan-3-one.

IT 103335-54-2P 103335-55-3P

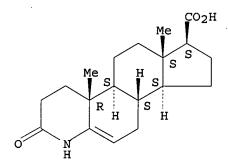
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of azaandrostanones with 5α -reductase inhibiting activity)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

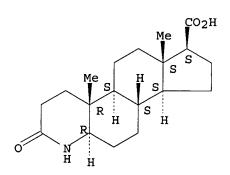
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L9 ANSWER 9 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:73747 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:133510

TITLE: Partial synthesis of N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-oxo-4-aza-

 5α -androst-1-ene-17 β -carboxamide

AUTHOR(S): Lorenc, Ijubinka; Pavlovic, Vladimir;

Bondarenko-Gheorghiu, Lidija; Mihailovic, Mihailo L.

J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Chem., Univ. Belgrade, Belgrade, YU-11001,

10/524,922

Yugoslavia

SOURCE: Journal of the Serbian Chemical Society (1993),

58(12), 991-5

CODEN: JSCSEN; ISSN: 0352-5139

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB A partial synthesis of N-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-3-oxo-4-aza-5 α -androst-1-ene-17 β -carboxamide starts from 21-hydroxypregn-4-ene-3,20-dione and involves the oxidative degradation of the 17 β -function to the 17 β -carboxylic group, oxidative fragmentation in ring A leading to the 3,5-seco-4-nor-dicarboxylic acid, ring A closure to the Δ 5-unsatd. lactam, catalytic hydrogenation of the Δ 5-olefinic double bond, introduction of the amide function,; and dehydrogenation with formation of the Δ 1-double bond. The overall yield of this six-step synthesis is approx. 20%.

IT 103335-54-2P 103335-55-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP

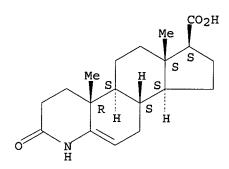
(Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of azaandrostenecarboxamide)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

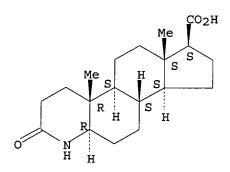
Absolute stereochemistry.



RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L9 ANSWER 10 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:570583 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:170583

TITLE: Combination method for treating patterned alopecia

with $17-\beta-N$ -substituted-carbamoyl-4-aza-5- α -

androst-1-en-3-ones and minoxidil

INVENTOR(S): Rasmusson, Gary H.; Tolman, Richard L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co. Inc., USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 50 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.					DATE					
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WO	9415	602			A1		1994	0721	1	WO 1	994 -	US17	6		1	9940	105
	W:	AU,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CN,	CZ,	FI,	HU,	JP,	KR,	KZ,	LK,	LV,	MG,
		MN,	MW,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SK,	UA,	US,	UZ				
	RW:	ΑT,	ΒE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,
		BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG		
AU	9460	834			A1		1994	0815		AU 1	994-	6083	4		1	9940	105
PRIORITY	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					1	US 1	993-	1373		1	A2 1	9930	107
									1	WO 1	994 -	US17	5	,	w 1	9940	105

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARP

MARPAT 121:170583

GI

AB 17β -N-substituted-carbamoyl-4-aza-5- α -androst-1-en-3-ones I, [dotted line = double bond, when present; R1, R3 = H, Me, Et; R2 = (branched) (substituted) alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl of 1-12 C, monocyclic aryl optionally containing ≥ 1 lower alkyl substituents of 1-2 C and/or ≥ 1 halogens; R', R'', R''' = H, Me; with the proviso that R2 is not tert-Bu where R1 and R3 are H], are useful in combination therapy with minoxidil for treating patterned alopecia, male pattern baldness, female pattern alopecia, alopecia senilis or alopecia areata. Preparation of selected I are included, as are formulations.

IT 103335-54-2P 103335-55-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, for carbamoylazaandrostenone derivative preparation for

patterned alopecia treatment)

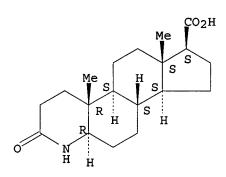
RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L9 ANSWER 11 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:560644 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 119:160644

TITLE: Preparation of 17β -carbamoyl-4-aza- 5α -

androst-1-en-3-ones as testosterone $5\alpha\text{-reductase}$ inhibitors for the prevention of prostatic carcinoma

INVENTOR(S): Gormley, Glenn J.; Stoner, Elizabeth

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				
EP 547691	A1	19930623	EP 1992-203857	19921210
EP 547691	B1	19970319		
R: CH, DE, FR,	GB, IT	, LI, NL		
CA 2084799	AA	19930618	CA 1992-2084799	19921208
CA 2084799	C	20030128		
JP 05255381	A2	19931005	JP 1992-329359	19921209
JP 2538489	B2	19960925		
US 6268376	B1	20010731	US 1994-364072	19941227
LV 12067	В	19980820	LV 1998-34	19980303
US 2001049376	A1	20011206	US 2001-875381	20010606
US 6432971	B2	20020813		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1991-808510 A	19911217

US 1993-16474 B1 19930210 US 1994-190769 B1 19940202 US 1994-364072 A3 19941227

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 119:160644

AB Title compds. [I; R = NHR2; R1 = H, Me, Et; R2 = (cyclo)alkyl, aralkyl, (halo)aryl, alkylaryl; R3, R5 = H or Me; R4 = H or β -Me] were prepared as testosterone 5α -reductase inhibitors (no data). Thus, Me 3-oxo-4-aza- 5α -androstane-17-carboxylate was treated with [PhSe(O)]2O and the product N-methylated to give, after saponification, I (R1

= R5

= Me, R3 = R4 = H) (II; R = OH). The latter was esterified by 2,2'-dipyridyl disulfide and the thioester product amidated by Me3CNH2 to give II (R = NHCMe3). Use of I for manufacture of medicaments for preventing prostatic carcinoma in asymptomatic patients is claimed.

IT 103335-54-2P 103335-55-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

Ι

(preparation and reaction of, in preparation of testosterone $5\alpha\text{-reductase}$ inhibitor)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L9 ANSWER 12 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993:213352 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

118:213352

TITLE:

Pharmaceutical combination for the treatment of prostatic cancer containing a 5 alpha reductase

inhibitor and an antiandrogen

INVENTOR(S):

Gormley, Glenn J.; Stoner, Elizabeth

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merck and Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 286 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.							DATE			
 MO	WO 9216233			A1 19921001													
WO	9210	233			AI		1997	TOOT	1	WO.	1992 -	0522	13		19920319		
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AU	9216	802			A1		1992	1021		AU :	1992-	1680	2			19920	319
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US	59943	362			Α		1999	1130	1	US :	1995-	4590	63			19950	602
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									Ţ	US :	1992-	8461	54		A :	19920	311
									1	OW	1992-1	US22	13		A :	19920	319
						•			1	JS 1	1993-	9495	0		B1 :	19931	227

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 118:213352

AB Prostatic cancer treatment involved combination therapy of a 5α-reductase inhibitor, i.e, a 17β-substituted 4-azasteroid, or nonazasteroid, 17β-acyl-3-carboxyandrost-3,5-diene, benzoylaminophenoxybutanoic acid derivative, fused benz(thio)amide or cinnamoylamide derivative, aromatic 1,2-diethers or thioether, aromatic o-acylaminophenoxyalkanoic acids, o-thioalkylacylaminophenoxyalkanoic acids, and particularly finasteride, in combination with an antiandrogen, i.e., flutamide. A large number of examples of steroids preparation was given including Me 3-oxo-4-aza-5α-androst-1-ene-17β-carboxylate which was prepared by dehydrogenation of of the corresponding 5α-androstane derivative Tablets were prepared containing 50 mg 4-[2-[4-[1-(4-isobutylphenyl)ethoxy]-2,3-dimethylbenzoylamino]phenoxy]butanoic acid.

IT 103335-55-3P

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 103335-54-2P

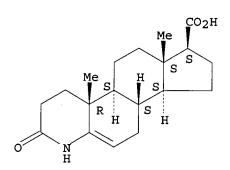
> RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and hydrogenation of)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b, 10-tetradecahydro-4a, 6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR, 4bS, 6aS, 7S, 9aS, 9bS) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



ANSWER 13 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:102309 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:102309

Pharmaceutical combination for the treatment of TITLE:

prostatic hyperplasia, containing a 5α -reductase inhibitor and an α 1-adrenergic receptor blocker, and synthesis of some 5α -reductase inhibitors

INVENTOR (S):

Gormley, Glenn J.; Stoner, Elizabeth

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 277 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO).	KIN	D - 1	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION	NO.		D	ATE	
WO 921621	.3	A1	-	 1992:	1001	1	WO 1:	 992 -1	 US22	 58		- 1	 9920:	 319
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GR, IT, LU, MC, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG
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                            A1
                                                                            19920316
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                                    19940105 EP 1992-910266
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                          A2
B1
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     US 6046183
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                                                  US 1998-27105
                                                                            19980220
                                                 US 1991-672511 A 19910320

US 1992-846153 A 19920311

NZ 1992-241979 A1 19920316

WO 1992-US2258 A 19920319

US 1993-22805 B1 19930222
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                                        B1 19930222
                                                  US 1993-22805
                                                  US 1994-201063
                                                                        B1 19940224
                                                  US 1995-428595
                                                                        A1 19950425
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                            MARPAT 118:102309
     A method of treating benign prostatic hyperplasia is claimed, in which a
     5\alpha-reductase inhibitor selected from a variety of types is
     administered in combination with an \alpha 1-adrenergic receptor blocker
      (no examples or data). In particular, administration of 5 mg finasteride
     and 5-10 mg terazosin in one daily dose is preferred. A large number of
     examples cover synthesis of 5\alpha-reductase inhibitors, including
     17\beta-substituted steroids and 4-azasteroids,
     benzoylaminophenoxybutanoic acids, etc. For example, Me
     3-oxo-4-aza-5\alpha-androstane-17\beta-carboxylate underwent
     dehydrogenation to introduce \Delta 1 double bond, N-methylation with NaH
     and MeI, saponification, conversion to an S-(2-pyridyl) thioester, and
amidation
     with tert-BuNH2, to give N-(tert-butyl)-4-methyl-3-oxo-4-aza-5\alpha-
     androst-1-ene-17\beta-carboxamide, i.e. the 4-Me derivative of finasteride.
IT
     103335-55-3P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
         (preparation and amidation of)
RN
     103335-55-3 CAPLUS
     1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-
CN
     2-oxo-, (4aR, 4bS, 6aS, 7S, 9aS, 9bS, 11aR) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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IT 103335-54-2P

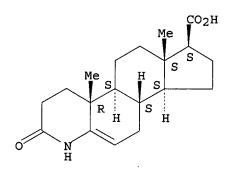
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and hydrogenation of)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



GO ANSWER 14 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:135565 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:135565

TITLE: Treatment of prostatic carcinoma with

 17β -N-monosubstituted carbamoyl-4-aza-5 α -

androst-1-en-3-ones

INVENTOR(S): Rasmusson, Gary H.; Reynolds, Glen F.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck and Co., Inc., USA SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 285383 EP 285383	A2 A3	19881005 19900912	EP 1988-302808	19880330
EP 285383 R: CH, DE, FR, CA 1302276	B1 GB, IT A1	19940316 , LI, NL 19920602	CA 1988-563183	19880331
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT	110:135565	US 1987-34808 A	19870403

AB The title compds. (I; R1 = H, Me, Et; R2 = branched alkyl; R3 = H, Me; R4 = H, β-Me; R5 = H, α- or β-Me) is a drug for the treatment of prostatic carcinoma (no data). A suspension of Me 3-oxo-4-aza- 5α -androstane-17-carboxylate and benzeneselenic anhydride in C6H5Cl was refluxed for 2 h to give Me 3-oxo-4-aza- 5α -androst-1-ene- 17β -carboxylate. This was stirred with NaH in dry DMF for 15 min, followed by addition of MeI to give the corresponding Me ester, which was refluxed with KOH in aqueous MeOH, followed by stirring with Ph3P and 2,2'-dipyridyl disulfide in PhMe to give S-(2-pyridyl)-4-methyl-3-oxo-4-aza- 5α -androst-1-ene- 17β -thiocarboxylate. This was treated with anhydrous tert-BuNH2 in THF to give N-tert-butyl-4-methyl-3-oxo-4-aza- 5α -androst-1-ene- 17β -carboxamide.

IT 103335-54-2P

Ι

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 103335-55-3P

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L9 ANSWER 15 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1989:101528 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

110:101528

TITLE:

Treatment of androgenic alopecia with 17β -monosubstituted-carbamoyl-4-aza-5 α -

androst-1-en-3-ones

INVENTOR(S):

Rasmusson, Gary H.; Reynolds, Glen F.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Merck and Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 11 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 285382	A2	19881005	EP 1988-302807	19880330
EP 285382	A3	19900912		
EP 285382	B1	19940413		
R: CH, DE, FR,	GB, IT	, LI, NL		
CA 1302277	A1	19920602	CA 1988-563185	19880331
US 5571817	Α	19961105	US 1993-94815	19930720
US 5567708	Α	19961022	US 1995-455464	19950531
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1987-34806	19870403
			US 1984-584062 I	31 19840227
			US 1985-800623	19851121
			US 1988-198708 F	31 19880519
			US 1989-370142	31 19890621
			US 1990-545676	31 19900628
			US 1991-698374 F	31 19910509
			US 1992-927256 F	31 19920807
				31 19930210
				1 19930720
OTHER SOURCE(S).	маррат	110.101520		

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 110:101528

GI

AB The title compds. I (R = H, Me; R1 = H, Me, Et; R2 = C3-12 branched alkyl; R3 = H, β-Me; R4 = H, α-Me, β-Me) are prepared as agents for treatment of androgenic alopecia. Me 4-methyl-3-oxo-4-aza-5α-androst-1-ene-17β-carboxylate (preparation given) was hydrolyzed by refluxing with aqueous KOH for 4 h, to give the free acid, which was stirred in a suspension of Ph3P and 2,2'-dipyridyl disulfide in toluene to give S-(2-pyridyl) 4-methyl-3-oxo-4-aza-5α-androst-1-ene-17β-thiocarboxylate. This was suspended in THF and tert-BuNH2 was bubbled through the suspension, to give N-tert-butyl-4-methyl-3-oxo-4-aza-5α-androst-1-ene-17β-carboxamide (II). A cream shampoo comprised II 0.1, Na laureth sulfate 65.0, glyceryl tribehenate 2.0, hydrolyzed collagen 1.0, lauric diethanolamide 5.0 and H2O 26.9% by weight
IT 103335-54-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and catalytic hydrogenation of)

Ι

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 103335-55-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, with hydroxybenzotriazole)

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L9 ANSWER 16 OF 17 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1987:33371 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

106:33371

TITLE:

Azasteroids: structure-activity relationships for

inhibition of 5α -reductase and of androgen

receptor binding

AUTHOR (S):

Rasmusson, Gary H.; Reynolds, Glenn F.; Steinberg, Nathan G.; Walton, Edward; Patel, Gool F.; Liang, Tehming; Cascieri, Margaret A.; Cheung, Anne H.;

Brooks, Jerry R.; Berman, Charles

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dep. Biochem. Endocrinol., Merck Sharp and Dohme Res.

Lab., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1986), 29(11),

2298-315

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 106:33371

A series of steroids, primarily 4-azasteroids, were prepared and tested in vitro as inhibitors of human and rat prostatic $5\alpha\text{-reductase}$ and of binding of dihydrotestosterone to the rat androgen receptor. structural modifications were changes of the A ring and of moieties attached at the C-17 positions of the steroid nucleus. New A-ring modifications included the 4-cyano-3-oxo- $\Delta 4$ system in the carbocyclic series and 1α -CN, 1α -CH3, 1α , 2α -CH2, $2\beta\text{-F},\ 2\text{-aza},\ 2\text{-oxa},\ \text{or A-homo changes in the }3\text{-oxo-4-aza series}.$ In addition, 4-azasteroids with a D-homo ring or Me substitution at C-7 (α and β) or C-16 (α and β) were prepared The majority of the C-17 substituents were prepared from reactive intermediates derived from the 17β -COOH. Enhanced 5α -reductase inhibition in both the human and rat enzyme assays was seen with 4-CN substitution on $3-0x0-\Delta4$ steroids and with a C-17 side chain incorporating a lipophilically substituted semipolar group on the $4\text{-aza-}3\text{-}oxo-5\alpha\text{-}androstane$ nucleus. Fewer highly active compds. were found in the human enzyme assay than in the rat assay. Structural requirements for inhibition of the rat androgen receptor were much different from those for inhibition of the enzyme. The 17β-OH moiety enhanced potency more than any other feature, whereas introduction of double bonds at C-1 or C-5 in the azasteroid gave a small improvement. Azasteroids unsubstituted at the 4-position demonstrated greatly diminished receptor activity.

TΤ 103335-54-2P

> RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and hydrogenation of)

103335-54-2 CAPLUS

RN CN

1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

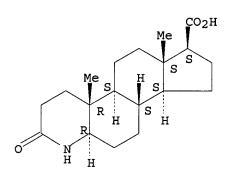
Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 103335-55-3P

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

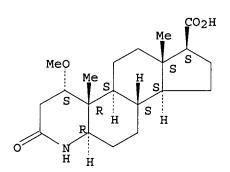
Absolute stereochemistry.



IT 104215-28-3P

(preparation of)
RN 104215-28-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4-methoxy-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4S,4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



ACCESSION NUMBER:

1986:460814 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

105:60814

TITLE:

 $17\beta\text{-Substituted}$ 4-aza-5 $\alpha\text{-androstenones}$ and

their use as testosterone 5α -reductase

inhibitors

INVENTOR(S):

Rasmusson, Gary H.; Reynolds, Glenn F.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: Merck and Co., Inc., USA Eur. Pat. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 7

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 155096	A2	19850918	EP 1985-301122	19850220
EP 155096	A3	19860702		23000220
EP 155096	B1			
			LI, LU, NL, SE	
IL 74365	A1	19900726		19850218
IL 86924	A1		IL 1985-86924	19850218
EP 314199	A1			19850220
EP 314199	B1	19910918		1703022,0
			LI, LU, NL, SE	
AT 46912	E E	19891015		19850220
AT 67503	Ē			19850220
	A1	19850905		19850226
AU 584321	B2	19890525		17030220
DK 8500859	A	19851022		19850226
DK 166704	B1	19930628		17030220
ZA 8501426	A			19850226
ES 540705	A1	19870101		19850226
CA 1314541	A1	19930316		19850226
JP 60222497	A2	19851107		19850227
JP 63065080	B4	19881214	01 1003 30714	13030227
US 4760071	A		US 1985-800623	19851121
US 4859681	A	19890822		19871203
US 4822803	A	19890418		19880204
JP 01093600	A2	19890412	JP 1988-135348	19880601
JP 05041638	B4	19930624	01 1000 100040	19000001
AU 8933135	A1	19890810	AU 1989-33135	19890418
AU 626293	B2	19920730	1.0 1909 33133	17070410
AU 9170835	A1 ·		AU 1991-70835	19910206
US 5120742	A	19920609		19910409
US 5138063	A	19920811		19910509
US 5151429	A	19920929		19910923
AU 9227481	A1	19930318	AU 1992-27481	19921030
AU 651741	B2	19940728	110 1332 27401	17721030
US 5571817	A	19961105	US 1993-94815	19930720
US 5567708	A	19961022	US 1995-455464	19950531
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1984-584061	A 19840227
			US 1984-584062	A 19840227
			US 1983-547508	A2 19831031
	•		US 1984-661645	A2 19841017
			IL 1985-74365	A 19850218
			EP 1985-301122	P 19850220
			EP 1988-119105	A 19850220
			US 1985-725265	A3 19850419
			US 1985-800623	A2 19851121
			US 1985-800624	A1 19851121
			US 1986-932549	B1 19861120
			US 1987-1262	A3 19870107

US	1987-34806	B1	19870403
US	1987-129335	A1	19871203
US	1988-198708	B1	19880519
US	1988-285375	B1	19881216
US	1989-363567	B2	19890608
US	1989-370142	B1	19890621
US	1989-396183	B1	19890821
US	1990-536037	В1	19900611
US	1990-545676	B1	19900628
US	1990-630357	B1	19901218
US	1991-698374	B1	19910509
US	1992-927256	B1	19920807
US	1993-16476	B1	19930210
US	1993-94815	A1	19930720

OTHER SOURCE(S): GI

CASREACT 105:60814; MARPAT 105:60814

AΒ Azaandrostenones I [R = H, Me, Et; R1 = H, Me; R2, R3 = H, Me; R4 = R5, NHR5, R6; R5 = alkyl, (un) substituted monocyclic aryl; R6 = PhCH2, phenethyl, 2- or 4-pyridyl, 2-pyrrolyl, 2-furyl or thienyl] were prepared as testosterone 5α -reductase inhibitors for treatment of hyperandrogenic conditions (no data). Thus, Me $3-oxo-4-aza-5\alpha$ androstane-17-carboxylate was dehydrogenated by [PhSe(0)]20 to give azaandrostenone I (R = R2 = R3 = H, R1 = Me, R4 = OMe), which was N-methylated, saponified, and thioesterified with PPh3 and 2,2'-dipyridyl disulfide to give I (R = R1 = Me, R2 = R3 = H, R4 = 2-pyridylthio). Treatment of the thioester with anhydrous EtNH2 in THF gave I (R = R1 = Me, R2 = R3 = H, R4 = NHEt); treatment with sec-BuMgCl gave I (R = R1 = Me, R2= R3 = H, R4 = sec-Bu).

IT 103335-55-3P

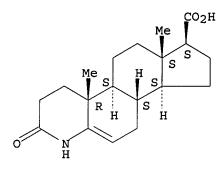
> RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation and amidation of)

Ι

RN103335-55-3 CAPLUS

1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-CN 2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 18:06:03 ON 30 JAN 2006)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:06:16 ON 30 JAN 2006 L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED 2 S L1 L2L3STRUCTURE UPLOADED 0 S L3 Ľ4 3 S L3 FULL L5 14 S L1 FULL L6 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:08:21 ON 30 JAN 2006 L7 32 S L6/PREP L8 24 S L5/RCT L9 17 S L7 AND L8

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Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

10/524,922

=> d 13

L3 HAS NO ANSWERS

L3

STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=>

=> d ibib abs hitstr 1-2

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:162674 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:199498

TITLE: Method for the selective preparation of a

3-oxo-4-aza-5a-androstane derivative

INVENTOR(S): Moon, Young-ho; Lee, Kyung-ik; Park, Gha-seung; Park,

Chul-hyun; Lee, Jae-cheol; Lee, Gwan-sun; Chang,

Young-kil

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hanmi Pharm. Co., Ltd., S. Korea

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
WO	WO 2004016595				A1 20040226			WO 2003-KR1629					20030813				
	W:	ΑU,	CA,	CN,	HU,	IN, JP,	US										
	RW:	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY, CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,	
		IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT, RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR							
EP	EP 1539703				A1 20050615			EP 2003-788151						20030813			
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK, ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
		ΙE,	SI,	FI,	RO,	CY, TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK						
JP 2006501221				T2	T2 20060112			JP 2004-528926					20030813				
US 2006019979				A1	A1 20060126			US 2005-524922					20050215				
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	. :				1	KR 2	002-	4878	4	7	A 2	0020	819	
								Ţ	NO 2	003-	KR16:	29	1	W 2	0030	813	

GI

IT

AB This invention relates to a method for selectively preparing $3-oxo-4-aza-5\alpha$ -androstane derivative I, a precursor of finasteride, by heating 3-oxo-4-aza-5-androstene in a mixture of **formic** acid and an alkanediol in the presence of zinc

. Thus, oxidative ring cleavage of 3-oxo-4-androstene-17β-carboxylic acid using sodium metaperiodate, potassium permanganate, and sodium carbonate in tert-butanol gave 3,5-secoandrostane II in 86% yield. Ring cleaved androstane II then underwent an intramol. cyclocondensation reaction by refluxing for 12 h using an ethanolic ammonia solution and ethylene glycol to form 3-oxo-4-aza-5-androstene-17β-carboxylic acid in 70% yield, which was subsequently hydrogenated by heating for 8 h at 100-105° using formic acid, ethylene glycol and

 precursor, via a zinc/formic acid/
alkanediol mediated olefin hydrogenation)

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 103335-55-3P, 3-0x0-4-aza-5 α -androstane-17 β -carboxylic acid

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

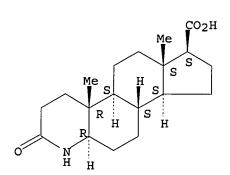
(process for preparation of 3-oxo-4-aza-5 α -androstane, a finasteride precursor, via a zinc/formic acid/

alkanediol mediated olefin hydrogenation)

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987:33371 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 106:33371

TITLE: Azasteroids: structure-activity relationships for

inhibition of 5α -reductase and of androgen

receptor binding

AUTHOR(S): Rasmusson, Gary H.; Reynolds, Glenn F.; Steinberg,

Nathan G.; Walton, Edward; Patel, Gool F.; Liang, Tehming; Cascieri, Margaret A.; Cheung, Anne H.;

Brooks, Jerry R.; Berman, Charles

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biochem. Endocrinol., Merck Sharp and Dohme Res.

Lab., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA

10/524,922

SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1986), 29(11),

2298-315

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 106:33371

A series of steroids, primarily 4-azasteroids, were prepared and tested in vitro as inhibitors of human and rat prostatic 5α -reductase and of binding of dihydrotestosterone to the rat androgen receptor. The primary structural modifications were changes of the A ring and of moieties attached at the C-17 positions of the steroid nucleus. New A-ring modifications included the 4-cyano-3-oxo-Δ4 system in the carbocyclic series and 1α -CN, 1α -CH3, 1α , 2α -CH2, 2β -F, 2-aza, 2-oxa, or A-homo changes in the 3-oxo-4-aza series. In addition, 4-azasteroids with a D-homo ring or Me substitution at C-7 $(\alpha$ and β) or C-16 (α and β) were prepared. The majority of the C-17 substituents were prepared from reactive intermediates derived from the 17 β -COOH. Enhanced 5α -reductase inhibition in both the human and rat enzyme assays was seen with 4-CN substitution on $3-0x0-\Delta4$ steroids and with a C-17 side chain incorporating a lipophilically substituted semipolar group on the $4-aza-3-oxo-5\alpha$ -androstane nucleus. Fewer highly active compds. were found in the human enzyme assay than in the rat assay. Structural requirements for inhibition of the rat androgen receptor were much different from those for inhibition of the enzyme. The $17\beta\text{-OH}$ moiety enhanced potency more than any other feature, whereas introduction of double bonds at C-1 or C-5 in the azasteroid gave a small improvement. Azasteroids unsubstituted at the 4-position demonstrated greatly diminished receptor activity.

IT 103335-54-2P

RN 103335-54-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, 2,3,4,4a,4b,5,6,6a,7,8,9,9a,9 b,10-tetradecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 103335-55-3P

RN 103335-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Indeno[5,4-f]quinoline-7-carboxylic acid, hexadecahydro-4a,6a-dimethyl-2-oxo-, (4aR,4bS,6aS,7S,9aS,9bS,11aR)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

=> d his

L3

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:37:08 ON 31 JAN 2006)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:37:26 ON 31 JAN 2006

L1 1 S 103335-55-3/RN

L2 1 S 103335-54-2/RN

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:38:42 ON 31 JAN 2006

21 S L1/PREP

L4 23 S L2/RCT

L5 16 S L3 AND L4

L6 573201 S ZINC

L7 1 S L5 AND L6

L8 42287 S FORMIC ACID OR ALANEDIOL

L9 43532 S FORMIC ACID OR ALKANEDIOL

L10 2 S L5 AND L9 L11 2 S L7 OR L10

=> d re 1-5

- L11 ANSWER 1 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN RE
- (1) Glaxo Group Limited; US 4451405 A 1984 CAPLUS
- (2) Glaxo Group Limited; WO 0246207 A2 2002 CAPLUS
- (3) Peng, X; Heterocycles 1998, V47(2), P703
- (4) Research Corporation Technologies Inc; US 5804576 A 1998 CAPLUS
- (5) Templeton, J; J Chem Soc Perkin Trans 1 1990, V9, P2581
- L11 ANSWER 2 OF 2 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

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